

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Quarter Ended February 29, 2020

The following discussion and analysis, prepared as of June 15, 2020, should be read together with the interim consolidated financial statements of Advance Gold for the quarter ended February 29, 2020, which are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). All amounts are stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated. The reader should also refer to the audited consolidated financial statements for the years ended May 31, 2019 and May 31, 2018 and related notes attached thereto and the related Management Discussion and Analysis for those years.

Forward looking statements & cautionary factors that may affect future results

This MD&A may contain "forward-looking statements" which reflect the Company's current expectations regarding the future results of operations, performance and achievements. The Company has tried, wherever possible, to identify these forward-looking statements by, among other things, using words such as "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "expect" and similar expressions. The statements reflect the current beliefs of the management of the Company, and are based on currently available information. Accordingly, these statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, which could cause the actual results, performance, or achievements of the Company to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, these statements. Historical results of operations and trends that may be inferred from the following discussions and analysis may not necessarily indicate future results from operations. Additional information related to Advance Gold is available for view on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Description of Business

Advance Gold is an exploration stage company engaged in the evaluation and exploration of mineral property interests. Advance Gold trades on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol "AAX". It currently has interests in Kenya, East Africa and Zacatecas, Mexico.

Management & Directors

Allan Barry Laboucan, Director, President & Chief Executive Officer – Allan is a First Nations mining entrepreneur who started working in the mining sector in 1993 as consultant in investor relations, strategic planning and digital marketing. During his career he has worked with some of the most talented people in geosciences that have mentored him throughout his career. In 2005, Allan founded Allan Barry Reports and the success of his reports opened doors for appearing many times on business television and online media. His reports are respected with some of the top talent in the sector appearing as guests on his online shows broadcast on his website.

Marie Cupello, Corporate Secretary & Chief Financial Officer - Ms. Cupello has more than 20 years of experience as a bookkeeper for a wide variety of companies including junior exploration companies, a management company and a non-profit society, among others. For the past thirteen years she has been head of the accounting department for a number of private companies and several publicly listed companies.

Mr. Jeffrey Scott Ackert, Director - Mr. Ackert began his career as a regional geologist with St. Joe Minerals, Bond Gold Canada and LAC Minerals in the 1980s. In 1990 he became mine geologist at LAC Minerals' Golden Patricia Mine (Barrick Gold Corp after 1994) where he specialized in production and exploration. In 1996 he was appointed VP Exploration for Orezone Resources Inc. focusing on West Africa and was subsequently named VP Technical Services in 2005. During his time at Orezone, its market cap increased from \$2M to over \$300M due to resource development of various projects in West Africa including Essakane, Sega and Bondigui in Burkina Faso. Since 2013, Mr. Ackert has been a Director of Altai Resources Inc. Mr.

Ackert is currently Vice President of Business Development of Carube Copper Corp. Mr. Ackert holds a BSc. in Geology from the University of Toronto.

Mr. William Atkinson, Director – Mr. Atkinson is a partner of Atkinson & Company, CPA and has extensive governance, financial reporting and auditing experience. He is an important addition to the board of directors that enhances the board with his accounting experience working with publicly reporting companies.

Ali Afif Fawaz, Director - Mr. Fawaz is an international transportation supply chain professional and a licensed customs broker. Since 2000, Mr. Fawaz has been the managing director of Villa Plast Ltd., a scrap-metal recycling plant in Dar es Salaam, Tanzania, and since 2001 he has been the managing director of BNM Company Ltd., a company providing clearing and freight forwarding liaison services to associated entities in the Democratic Republic of Congo. Mr. Fawaz also consults and provides services to a number of entities involved in freight forwarding, and the container freight and cargo transport industries operating out of Dar es Salaam, Tanzania, as well as being involved, since 2010, as a consultant to the mining industry in Tanzania. Mr. Fawaz is fluent in English, French, Arabic and Kiswahili.

Duke Greenstein, Director - Duke Greenstein is a businessman with extensive experience in management of complex manufacturing systems for some of the most well-known consumer brands. He also has extensive experience in contract negotiations, and in sales and marketing. His skill set will help with guidance in several areas as we advance our projects. Mr. Greenstein has joined the board as an independent director.

Bradley Newell, Director - Brad Newell leads his family owned private businesses that include a leading retail flooring company serving the Vancouver region and a popular golf course. In addition to his business interests, he is also an active philanthropist.

Performance Summary

Kakamega Properties, Kenya: Rosterman, Bukura and Sigalagala Gold Properties, Kenya East Africa

On November 1, 2012 Advance announced that **African Barrick Gold Plc.** ("ABG") was assigned an Option and Joint Venture Agreement that Advance had previously entered into with Aviva Corporation Ltd. regarding Special License 265 (Bukura), Special License 266 (Sigalagala) and Special License 267 (Rosterman) located in the Kakamega region of Kenya.

On November 27, 2014, ABG announced that it had changed its name to Acacia Mining plc. ("Acacia").

On February 28, 2013 Advance announced that Acacia would proceed with an exploration program on Advance's three projects in the Kakamega Dome area in Kenya, East Africa. The work done on the Advance projects would be in conjunction with Acacia's regional exploration work on their West Kenya Joint Venture. The three Advance projects include Special License 265 (Bukura), Special License 266 (Sigalagala) and Special License 267 (Rosterman) that cover in total 64km².

On January 26, 2017, the Company elected to dilute their participation interest to 14.53% under the Option and Joint Venture agreement, giving Acacia Mining an 85.47% interest in the Kakamega Properties. Acacia has not informed the Company of any recent exploration activity at any of the Kakamega Properties.

On January 31, 2019, the Company was granted a three (3) year Prospecting Licence ending on January 30, 2022.

On August 31, 2019, the Company elected to further dilute their participation interest to 13.23% under the Option and Joint Venture agreement, giving Barrick 86.77% interest in the Kakamega Properties.

On February 6, 2020, the Company elected to further dilute their participation interest to 12.84% under the Option and Joint Venture agreement, giving Acacia Mining an 87.16% interest in the Kakamega Properties.

On February 10, 2020, Shanta Gold (AIM: SHG), the East Africa-focused gold producer announced that it has entered into a definitive agreement pursuant to which it will purchase 100% of the shares of Barrick's subsidiary Acacia Exploration (Kenya) Ltd. from two subsidiaries of Barrick Gold Corporation.

Qualified Person

Jeffrey Scott Ackert, a director of the Company and former Vice President Exploration and Business Development, is a Qualified Person as defined by National Instrument 43-101 and has reviewed and approved the exploration information and technical disclosure.

Tabasquena Property, Mexico

On September 11, 2017 Advance announced that it had acquired a 100% interest in the Tabasquena Silver Mine in Zacatecas, Mexico. Advance has issued to Hot Spring Mining, a Mexican based corporation, 1,000,000 common, in exchange for which Hot Spring Mining has transferred a 100% interest in the Mining Concessions to Advance Mexico. Hot Spring Mining will retain a 2.5% NSR, of which Advance Mexico has the right to buy 1.5% at a rate of \$500k CAD per 0.50%.

On September 27, 2018, the Company acquired Exchange approval to purchase certain mining equipment assets on the Tabasquena project in exchange for 600,000 common shares with a fair value of \$300,000, to be issued in tranches of 150,000 shares. On October 2, 2018, 150,000 common shares were issued with a fair value of \$21,000, 150,000 common shares were issued on July 19, 2019 with a fair value of \$21,000 and 150,000 common shares were issued on October 30, 2019 with a fair value of \$21,000. The remaining 150,000 shares to be issued have a fair value of \$21,000.

Venaditas Property, Mexico

On April 17, 2018 Advance announced that it had acquired a 100% interest in the Venaditas project in Ojocaliente, Mexico. Upon receipt of regulatory acceptance, Advance will issue to Hot Spring Mining, a Mexican based corporation, 1,000,000 common shares which will be subject to a statutory four-month hold period, in exchange for which Hot Spring Mining will transfer a 100% interest in the Mining Concessions to Advance Mexico. Hot Spring Mining will retain a 2.5% NSR, of which Advance Mexico has the right to buy 1.5% at a rate of \$500k CAD per 0.50%.

Results and Discussion of Operations

Advance's focus continues to be the exploration of properties and consequently, no operating income is shown or expected. The Company incurred a net loss of \$196,035 for the nine months ended February 29, 2020, compared to a net loss of \$249,548 for the nine months ended February 28, 2019. The current period loss is higher due to ongoing exploration activity in Mexico. Drilling in Phase 2 at the Tabasquena silver and gold project has identified a series of epithermal veins which have been drilled above the boiling zone and remain open at depth and along strike. Work on the Tabasquena project is ongoing.

Summary of Quarterly Results

	Feb 29/20 IFRS	Nov 30/19 IFRS	Aug 31/19 IFRS	May 31/19 IFRS	Feb 28/19 IFRS	Nov 30/18 IFRS	Aug 31/18 IFRS	May 31/18 IFRS
Total assets	\$ 1,889,249 \$	1,704,676 \$	1,613,582 \$	1,517,228 \$	1,628,494 \$	1,227,520 \$	827,930 \$	684,847
Exploration properties & deferred								
costs	\$ 1,663,913 \$	1,433,842 \$	1,335,335 \$	1,334,120 \$	1,296,953 \$	1,196,611 \$	742,007 \$	625,305
Working capital (deficiency)	\$ (66,180) \$	(178,259) \$	(187,630) \$	(383,806) \$	(156,066) \$	(371,625) \$	(290,540) \$	(289,783)
Deficit	\$ 6,487,973 \$	6,390,246 \$	6,355,650 \$	6,322,140 \$	6,171,687 \$	6,113,209 \$	6,043,598 \$	5,937,261

Revenues	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Net loss (income)	\$	86,084 \$	59,116 \$	33,163 \$	151,189 \$	58,478 \$	71,887 \$	104,261 \$	124,688
Earnings (loss) per share	Ś	(0.01) \$	(0.01) \$	(0.01) \$	(0.02) \$	(0.01) \$	(0.01) \$	(0.01) \$	(0.02)

The significant changes in key financial data from March 1, 2018 to February 29, 2020 can be attributed to an increase in exploration activity. The increase in the net loss for the quarter is due mainly to an increase in interest, bank charges and foreign exchange as well as consulting fees, rent and telephone and transfer agent and filing fees. As of February 29, 2020, the Company had current assets of \$166,847, compared to current assets of \$108,284 as at May 31, 2019, the increase stemming from cash received from private placement offerings. As of February 29, 2020, the Company's current liabilities were \$233,027 compared to current liabilities of \$492,090 as at May 31, 2019, the decrease is due to a reduction in payables. The inability to raise capital has had a significant effect upon the Company's cash flow.

Liquidity

Advance Gold does not currently own or have an interest in any producing resource properties and has not yet derived any revenues from the sale of resource products. Advance Gold's exploration activities have been funded through the issuance of common shares pursuant to private placements and the issuance of a convertible debenture, and Advance Gold expects that it will continue to be able to utilize this source of financing until it develops cash flow from its operations. There can be no assurance, however, that Advance Gold will be able to obtain required financing in the future on acceptable terms, or at all. In the near term, Advance Gold plans to attract suitable partners in order to advance its currently held properties.

	Feb 29, 2020	Feb 28, 2019
Working capital (deficiency)	\$ (66,180)	\$ (156,066)
Deficit	\$ 6,487,973	\$ 6,171,687

Financing

On October 2, 2017, the Company issued 1,000,000 common shares with a fair value of \$60,000 for acquisition of the Tabasquena property.

On February 5, 2018, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement of 3,166,667 shares at \$0.06 per unit for gross proceeds of \$190,000. Each Unit is comprised of one common share of the Company and one non-transferable share purchase warrant. Each share warrant entitles the holder to purchase an additional common share at a price of \$0.08 per share until February 7, 2020, subject to accelerated expiry in certain circumstances. An officer of the Company participated in the private placement, having purchased 850,000 common shares. The Company incurred share issue costs of \$3,714 in connection with this financing. No value was allocated to the attachable warrants.

On June 13, 2018, 1,000,000 share warrants were exercised by a Director of the Company, and on July 9, 2018, 666,667 share warrants were exercised by a shareholder of the Company, for total gross proceeds of \$133,333.

On September 27, 2018 ("approval date"), the Exchange approved the asset purchase agreement whereby the Company purchased mining machinery and equipment for the Tabasquena property for a total consideration of 600,000 common shares with a fair value of \$84,000. As per the agreement, 150,000 common shares with a fair value of \$21,000 were issued on October 2, 2018 with a further issuance of 150,000 common shares to be issued every six months from the approval date till 18 months with a total fair value of \$63,000 (Note 6). On July 19, 2019 a further 150,000 shares were issued with a fair value of \$21,000, 150,000 common shares were issued on October 30, 2019 with a fair value of \$21,000 and the remaining 150,000 shares were issued on January 2, 2020 and have a fair value of \$21,000.

On October 2, 2018, the Company issued 1,000,000 common shares with a fair value of \$170,000 for acquisition of the Venaditas property (Note 6).

On October 4, 2018, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement of 2,885,880 shares at \$0.085 per unit for gross proceeds of \$245,300. Each Unit is comprised of one common share of the Company and one non-transferable share purchase warrant. Each share warrant entitles the holder to purchase an additional common share at a price of \$0.10 per share until September 20, 2020, subject to accelerated expiry in certain circumstances. An officer of the Company participated in the private placement, having purchased 1,000,000 common shares and a Director of the Company participated, having purchased 588,230 common shares. The Company incurred share issue costs of \$2,128 in connection with this financing. No value was allocated to the attachable warrants.

On January 30, 2019, 34,300 escrow shares were cancelled.

On February 28, 2019, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement of 5,691,539 shares at \$0.065 per unit for gross proceeds of \$369,950. Each Unit is comprised of one common share of the Company and one non-transferable share purchase warrant. Each share warrant entitles the holder to purchase an additional common share at a price of \$0.08 per share until February 28, 2021, subject to accelerated expiry in certain circumstances. A Director of the Company participated, having purchased 1,153,846 common shares. The Company incurred share issue costs of \$2,600 a finder's fees of \$17,450 in connection with this financing. No value was allocated to the attachable warrants. The shares were issued on March 1, 2019.

On February 28, 2019, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement of 5,691,539 shares at \$0.065 per unit for gross proceeds of \$369,950. Each Unit is comprised of one common share of the Company and one non-transferable share purchase warrant. Each share warrant entitles the holder to purchase an additional common share at a price of \$0.08 per share until February 28, 2021, subject to accelerated expiry in certain circumstances. A Director of the Company participated, having purchased 1,153,846 common shares. The Company incurred share issue costs of \$2,600 and finder's fees of \$15,470 in connection with this financing. No value was allocated to the attachable warrants. The shares were issued on March 1, 2019.

On July 9, 2019, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement of 4,682,000 shares at \$0.05 per unit for gross proceeds of \$234,100. Each Unit is comprised of one common share of the Company and one non-transferable share purchase warrant. Each share warrant entitles the holder to purchase an additional common share at a price of \$0.07 per share until July 9, 2021, subject to accelerated expiry in certain circumstances. The Company incurred share issue costs of \$750 and finder's fees of \$10,000 as well as issuing 57,143 broker's warrants in connection with this financing. No value was allocated to the attachable warrants.

On November 8, 2019, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement of 1,412,500 shares at \$0.08 per unit for gross proceeds of \$113,000. Each Unit is comprised of one common share of the Company and one non-transferable share purchase warrant. Each share warrant entitles the holder to purchase an additional common share at a price of \$0.10 per share until November 8, 2021, subject to accelerated expiry in certain circumstances. The Company incurred share issue costs of \$750 and finder's fees of \$2,815 in connection with this financing. No value was allocated to the attachable warrants.

On December 9, 2019, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement of 525,000 shares at \$0.08 per unit for gross proceeds of \$42,000. Each Unit is comprised of one common share of the Company and one non-transferable share purchase warrant. Each share warrant entitles the holder to purchase an additional common share at a price of \$0.10 per share until November 8, 2021, subject to accelerated expiry in certain circumstances.

On January 3, 2020, the Company issued 150,000 shares at \$0.12 per unit for gross proceeds of \$18,000 as a result of stock options being exercised.

On January 3, 2020, the Company issued 478,000 shares for exercised warrants for gross proceeds of \$34,510.

On January 10, 2020, the Company issued 888,847 shares for exercised warrants for gross proceeds of \$64,808.

On January 17, 2020, the Company issued 875,000 shares for exercised warrants for gross proceeds of \$70,500.

On February 3, 2020, the Company issued 588,230 shares for exercised warrants for gross proceeds of \$58,823.

On February 7, 2020 the Company issued 333,333 shares for exercised warrants for gross proceeds of \$26,667.

On February 27, 2020, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement of 2,500,000 shares at \$0.10 per unit for gross proceeds of \$250,000. Each Unit is comprised of one common share of the Company and one non-transferable share purchase warrant. Each share warrant entitles the holder to purchase an additional common share at a price of \$0.12 per share until February 27, 2022, subject to accelerated expiry in certain circumstances. The Company incurred share issue costs of \$750 and finder's fees of \$3,360 in connection with this financing. No value was allocated to the attachable warrants.

Capital Resources

Advance Gold does not have sufficient funds to meet its anticipated general and administrative expenses for the next 12 months and will therefore have to find alternative sources of funding to pay these anticipated expenses. Advance Gold may from time to time choose to raise money in the capital markets if favourable conditions are present. Additional financing will be required for further exploration programs on Advance Gold's properties during the next fiscal year should new acquisitions occur. The earn-in requirements of Acacia cover exploration requirements at the three Kakamega properties.

Third Quarter Results

Advance Gold had a net loss of \$86,084 (2019 – \$58,478) and general and administrative expenses of \$93,745 (2019 - \$87,942) during the quarter ended February 29, 2020. Such expenses included:

	Q3 2020	Q3 2019
Advertising and promotion	\$ 623	\$ 186
Consulting fees	22,081	19,630
Interest, bank charges and foreign exchange loss	9,435	4,805
Management fees	15,000	15,000
Office and sundry	5,162	5,731
Professional fees	18,733	32,830
Rent and telephone	12,366	128
Stock based compensation	-	7,214
Transfer agent and filing fees	10,345	2,418
	\$ 93,745	\$ 87,942

Administrative expenses have increased from the prior year due primarily to an increase in consulting fees, interest, bank charges and foreign exchange loss, rent and telephone and transfer agent and filing fees. With the exception management and professional fees and stock based compensation, all other expenses increased from the prior year. Exploration activity is expected to pickup in the future. Advance Gold had a working capital deficiency of \$66,180 for the quarter ended February 29, 2020.

Related Party Transactions

Related parties are directors and officers, and companies controlled by directors and officers of Advance Gold. The following summarizes Advance Gold's related party transactions for the guarters ended February 29, 2020 and February 28, 2019:

	Quarter Ended		Quarter Ended
	Feb	29, 2020	Feb 28, 2019
Management Fees	\$	15,000	\$ 15,000
Consulting	\$	5,180	\$ 3,840
Rent	\$	-	\$ -
Salaries	\$	-	\$ -

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions about future events that affect amounts reported in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Significant accounting estimates used in the preparation of Advance Gold's consolidated financial statements are:

(a) Impairment of non-financial assets

When there are indications that an asset may be impaired, the Company is required to estimate the asset's recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the greater of value in use and fair value less costs to sell. Determining the value in use requires the Company to estimate expected future cash flows associated with the assets and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate present value. No impairment was recognized for the nine months ended February 29, 2020.

(b) Stock-based compensation

Management is required to make certain estimates when determining the fair value of share option awards, and the number of awards that are expected to vest. These estimates affect the amount recognized as share-based compensation in the Company's consolidated statement of comprehensive loss. For the quarter ended February 29, 2020 the Company recognized share-based compensation expense of \$Nil (February 28, 2019 - \$7,214I).

(c) Exploration and evaluation assets

Management is required to apply judgment in determining whether technical feasibility and commercial viability can be demonstrated for its mineral properties under exploration. Once technical feasibility and commercial viability of a property can be demonstrated, it is reclassified from exploration and evaluation assets and subject to different accounting treatment. As at February 29, 2020 and February 28, 2019 management had determined that no reclassification of exploration and evaluation assets was required.

(d) Income taxes

The measurement of income taxes payable and deferred income tax assets and liabilities requires management to make judgments in the interpretation and application of the relevant tax laws. The actual amount of income taxes only becomes final upon filing and acceptance of the tax return by the relevant authorities, which occurs subsequent to the issuance of the consolidated financial statements.

Accounting Standards Issued But Not Yet Effective

Accounting standards or amendments to existing accounting standards that have been issued but have future effective dates are either not applicable or are not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

Financial Instruments

Fair Value

Fair value estimates are made at the reporting period end date, based on relevant market information. Estimated fair value amounts are designed to approximate amounts at which financial instruments could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties who are under no compulsion to act.

The Company uses a fair value hierarchy to categorize the inputs used in valuation techniques to measure fair value of financial instruments. The classifications are as follows: the use of quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1), internal models using observable market information as inputs (Level 2) and internal models without observable market information as inputs (Level 3). The Company had no Level 2 or Level 3 financial instruments at February 29, 2020 and May 31, 2019, and there have been no transfers between levels.

The following is an analysis of the Company's financial assets measured at fair value as at February 29, 2020 and May 31, 2019:

	F	February 29, 20	020	
	L	_evel 1	Level 2	Level 3
Cash	\$	152,755	\$ - \$	-
	ין	May 31, 2019 (Note 13)	
	L	_evel 1	Level 2	Level 3

Financial Risk Management

The Company's financial instruments potentially expose it to a variety of risks, including credit risk, foreign exchange risk (currency), liquidity and interest rate risk.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to credit risk consist of cash and amounts receivable. The Company deposits the majority of its cash with high credit quality financial institutions in Canada reducing the credit risk. Amounts receivable consist of receivable for shares subscription and refundable tax credits. Therefore, the credit risk is considered to be minimal.

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair values of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because they are denominated in currencies that differ from the respective functional currency. Certain assets and liabilities of the Company are denominated in Kenyan Shilling and Mexican Peso and are therefore subject to fluctuation against the Canadian dollar. Currency risk is considered to be moderate.

The Canadian dollar equivalent of financial instruments denominated in foreign currency as at February 29, 2020 and May 31, 2019 is as follows:

	February 29, 2020	May 31, 2019 (Note 13)
Cash	\$ 16,642	\$ 2,316
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(15,964)	(73,692)
	\$ 678	\$ (71,736)

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Current financial assets and financial liabilities are generally not exposed to interest rate risk because of their short-term nature, maturity, and fixed interest rate on debentures.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. The Company manages liquidity by maintaining adequate cash balances. The Company's expected source of cash flow in the upcoming year is anticipated to be through equity financing and future loan facilities, and potential joint venture agreements. Cash on hand at February 29, 2020 is insufficient to fund the Company's operational needs for the next 12 months. Liquidity risk is assessed as high.

Changes in Accounting Policies

Advance Gold has not changed its accounting policies for the three months ended February 28, 2019.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Advance Gold does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements which may affect its current or future operations or conditions.

Financial Instruments

Advance Gold's financial instruments consist of cash, investments, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The fair value of these financial instruments is approximately equal to their carrying values, unless otherwise noted. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that Advance Gold is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments. Interest rate risk is limited as the Company only invests in highly liquid securities with short-term maturities. The Company manages its currency risk through the preparation of short and long term expenditure budgets in different currencies and converting Canadian dollars to foreign currencies whenever exchange rates are favourable. Credit risk is minimal as accounts receivable consists primarily of goods and services tax refunds due from the Government of Canada.

As at February 29, 2020 \$138,251 cash and cash equivalents are held in Canadian dollars, \$148 cash and cash equivalents are held in Kenya Schilling, and \$16,642 cash and cash equivalents are held in Mexican Pesos. Advance Gold does not use derivative instruments or foreign exchange contracts to hedge against gains or losses arising from foreign exchange fluctuations.

Outstanding Share Data

The authorized capital of Advance Gold consists of an unlimited number of common shares and an unlimited number of preferred shares, issuable in series with special rights and restrictions attached. As of June 15, 2020 there were 38,899,034 common shares issued and outstanding of which 2,125,000 stock options were outstanding, and the following warrants and broker's options outstanding:

Grant Expiry Date	Grant Price	Warrants Outstanding
Oct. 4, 2020	0.10	2,202,650
Feb. 28, 2021	0.08	5,537,692
Jul. 9, 2021	0.07	3,596,143
Nov. 8, 2021	0.10	1,412,500
Dec. 9, 2021	0.10	525,000
Feb. 27, 2022	0.12	2,525,600
		15,799,585

Investor Relations

Investor relations activities are currently being performed by directors, officers and key personnel.

Risk Factors

Exploration-stage mineral exploration companies face a variety of risks and, while unable to eliminate all of them, Advance Gold aims at managing and reducing such risks as much as possible. Few exploration projects successfully achieve development stage, due to factors that cannot be predicted or anticipated, and even one such factor may result in the economic viability of a project being detrimentally impacted such that it is neither feasible nor practical to proceed. Advance Gold closely monitors its activities and those factors that could impact them, and employs experienced consultants to assist in its risk management and to make timely adequate decisions.

Environmental laws and regulations could also impact the viability of a project. Advance Gold has ensured that it has complied with these regulations, but there can be changes in legislation outside Advance Gold's control that could also add a risk factor to a project. Operating in a specific country has legal, political and a currency risk that must be carefully considered to ensure their level is commensurate to Advance Gold's assessment of the project.

Approval

The Board of Directors of the Company has approved the disclosure contained in this MD&A.